By: Senator(s) Robertson

To: Business and Financial Institutions; Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2335

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	AN ACT TO AMEND THE MISSISSIPPI BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.30, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE STANDARD OF CONDUCT FOR DIRECTORS; TO CODIFY SECTION 79-4-8.31, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE STANDARDS OF LIABILITY FOR DIRECTORS; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.33, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS FOR UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.42, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE STANDARD OF CONDUCT FOR OFFICERS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
10	SECTION 1. Section 79-4-8.30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
11	amended as follows:
12	79-4-8.30. (a) Each member of the board of directors, when
13	discharging the duties of a director, shall act:
14	(1) In good faith <u>, and</u>
15	* * *
16	(2) In a manner the director reasonably believes to be
17	in the best interests of the corporation.
18	(b) The members of the board of directors or a committee of
19	the board, when becoming informed in connection with their
20	decision-making function or devoting attention to their oversight
21	function, shall discharge their duties with the care that a person
22	in a like position would reasonably believe appropriate under
23	<u>similar circumstances.</u>
24	* * *
25	(c) In discharging board or committee duties a director, who
26	does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is
27	entitled to rely on the performance by any of the persons
28	specified in subsection (e)(1) or subsection (e)(3) to whom the
29	board may have delegated, formally or informally by course of

30 conduct, the authority or duty to perform one or more of the 31 board's functions that are delegable under applicable law. In discharging board or committee duties a director, who 32 (d) does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is 33 34 entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, prepared 35 or presented by any of the persons specified in subsection (e). 36 (e) <u>A director is entitled to rely, in accordance with</u> 37 subsection (c) or (d), on: 38 39 (1) One or more officers or employees of the corporation whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable 40 and competent in the functions performed or the information, 41 42 opinions, reports or statements provided; 43 (2) Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons retained by the corporation as to matters involving skills or 44 45 expertise the director reasonably believes are matters (i) within the particular person's professional or expert competence or (ii) 46 as to which the particular person merits confidence; or 47 (3) A committee of the board of directors of which the 48 49 director is not a member if the director reasonably believes the 50 committee merits confidence. For purposes of this section, a director, in 51 (f) 52 determining what he reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the corporation, shall consider the interests of the 53 corporation's shareholders and, in his discretion, may consider 54 any of the following: 55 56 (1)The interests of the corporation's employees, 57 suppliers, creditors and customers; The economy of the state and nation; 58 (2) 59 (3) Community and societal considerations; The long-term as well as short-term interests of 60 (4) the corporation and its shareholders, including the possibility 61 62 that these interests may be best served by the continued 63 independence of the corporation. * * * 64 65 SECTION 2. The following provision shall be codified as 66 Section 79-4-8.31, Mississippi Code of 1972:

67 79-4-8.31. (a) A director shall not be liable to the 68 corporation or its shareholders for any decision to take or not to take action, or any failure to take any action, as a director, 69 70 unless the party asserting liability in a proceeding establishes 71 that: Any provision in the articles of incorporation 72 (1)authorized by section 2.02(b)(4) or the protection afforded by 73 section 8.61 for action taken in compliance with section 8.62 or 74 75 8.63, if interposed as a bar to the proceeding by the director, 76 does not preclude liability; and 77 (2) The challenged conduct consisted or was the result 78 of:

79 (i) Action not in good faith; or

80 (ii) A decision

81 (A) Which the director did not reasonably82 believe to be in the best interests of the corporation, or

(B) As to which the director was not informed
to an extent the director reasonably believed appropriate in the
circumstances; or

86 (iii) A lack of objectivity due to the director's
87 familial, financial or business relationship with, or a lack of
88 independence due to the director's domination or control by,
89 another person having a material interest in the challenged
90 conduct

91 (A) Which relationship or which domination or 92 control could reasonably be expected to have affected the 93 director's judgment respecting the challenged conduct in a manner 94 adverse to the corporation, and

95 (B) After a reasonable expectation to such
96 effect has been established, the director shall not have
97 established that the challenged conduct was reasonably believed by
98 the director to be in the best interests of the corporation; or
99 (iv) A sustained failure of the director to be

100 informed about the business and affairs of the corporation, or 101 other material failure of the director to discharge the oversight 102 function; or

103 (v) Receipt of a financial benefit to which the 104 director was not entitled or any other breach of the director's 105 duties to deal fairly with the corporation and its shareholders 106 that is actionable under applicable law.

107 (b) The party seeking to hold the director liable:
108 (1) For money damages, shall also have the burden of
109 establishing that:

110 (i) Harm to the corporation or its shareholders 111 has been suffered, and

112 (ii) The harm suffered was proximately caused by 113 the director's challenged conduct; or

114 (2) For other money payment under a legal remedy, such 115 as compensation for the unauthorized use of corporate assets, 116 shall also have whatever persuasion burden may be called for to 117 establish that the payment sought is appropriate in the 118 circumstances; or

(3) For other money payment under an equitable remedy, such as profit recovery by or disgorgement to the corporation, shall also have whatever persuasion burden may be called for to establish that the equitable remedy sought is appropriate in the circumstances.

(c) Nothing contained in this section shall (1) in any 124 125 instance where fairness is at issue, such as consideration of the fairness of a transaction to the corporation under Section 126 8.61(b)(3), alter the burden of proving the fact or lack of 127 fairness otherwise applicable, (2) alter the fact or lack of 128 liability of a director under another section of this act, such as 129 130 the provisions governing the consequences of an unlawful distribution under Section 8.33 or a transactional interest under 131 132 Section 8.61, or (3) affect any rights to which the corporation or

133 a shareholder may be entitled under another statute of this state 134 or the United States.

SECTION 3. Section 79-4-8.33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

137 79-4-8.33. (a) A director who votes for or assents to a 138 distribution in excess of what may be authorized and made pursuant to Section 79-4-6.40(a) * * * is personally liable to the 139 corporation for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what 140 141 could have been distributed without violating Section 79-4-6.40(a)if the party asserting liability establishes that when taking the 142 action the director did not comply with Section 79-4-8.30. * * * 143 (b) A director held liable under subsection (a) for an 144

145 unlawful distribution is entitled to * * *:

(1) <u>Contribution</u> from every other director who could be
held liable under subsection (a) for the unlawful distribution;
and

149 (2) <u>Recoupment</u> from each shareholder <u>of the pro rata</u>
150 <u>portion of</u> the amount <u>of the unlawful distribution</u> the shareholder
151 accepted, knowing the distribution was made in violation of
152 Section <u>79-4-6.40(a)</u> * * *.

153

(c) A proceeding to enforce:

154 (1) The liability of a director under subsection (a) is 155 barred unless it is commenced within two (2) years after the date on which the effect of the distribution was measured under Section 156 157 79-4-6.40(e) or (g) or as of which the violation of Section 79-4-6.40(a) occurred as the consequence of disregard of a 158 restriction in the articles of incorporation; or 159 (2) Contribution or recoupment under subsection (b) is 160 161 barred unless it is commenced within one (1) year after the 162 liability of the claimant has been finally adjudicated under

163 <u>subsection (a).</u>

164 SECTION 4. Section 79-4-8.42, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 165 amended as follows:

166 79-4-8.42. (a) An officer, when performing in such capacity, shall act: 167 168 (1) In good faith; With the care that $\underline{a} * * *$ person in a like 169 (2) 170 position would <u>reasonably</u> exercise under similar circumstances; 171 and In a manner the officer reasonably believes to be 172 (3) in the best interests of the corporation. 173 174 (b) In discharging those duties an officer, who does not 175 have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is entitled to rely on * * *: 176 The performance of properly delegated 177 (1) responsibilities by one or more * * * employees of the corporation 178 whom the officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent 179 180 in performing the responsibilities delegated; or 181 (2) Information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, prepared 182 183 or presented by one or more employees of the corporation whom the officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the 184 matters presented or by legal counsel, public accountants, or 185 other persons retained by the corporation as to matters involving 186 187 skills or expertise the officer reasonably believes are matters 188 (i) within the particular person's professional or expert competence or (ii) as to which the particular person merits 189 190 <u>confidence</u>. 191 (c) An officer shall not be liable to the corporation or its shareholders for any decision to take or not to take action, or 192 any failure to take any action, as an officer, if the duties of 193 194 the office are performed in compliance with this section. Whether an officer who does not comply with this section shall have 195 196 liability will depend in such instance on applicable law, 197 including those principles of Section 79-4-8.31 that have 198 <u>relevance.</u>

199 * * *

200 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from 201 and after July 1, 1999.